



# Python Basics on the FASRC Clusters

# Learning objectives

- Python using CLI (Command Line Interface)
  - Interactive
  - Sbatch
- Python Package installation
  - Interactive
  - Sbatch
- Python using OOD (Open On Demand)
- Jupyter Notebook
  - Create conda environment (i.e., jupyter kernel)

# Python Programming Language [Python Programming Language – FASRC DOCS](#)

- High-level, general-purpose, and object-oriented programming language with emphasis on code readability and use of significant indentation.
- Ideal for scripting and rapid application development given its dynamic typing, elegant syntax, and automatic memory management (garbage collection).
- Has a comprehensive standard library. Also known as “batteries-included” language.
- Python’s implementation is mostly in C.
  - Python’s core interpreter, CPython, written in C.
- Interpreted language, hence slower than compiled languages, like C and Fortran.
  - Compiled generates executable
  - Interpreted executes instructions directly on the fly without compiling a program into machine language

# Python using CLI - Interactive

```
# Login to Cannon
ssh <username>@login.rc.fas.harvard.edu

# Go to a compute node on the test partition:
salloc --partition test --nodes=1 --cpus-per-task=2 --mem=12GB --time=00:30:00

# Check Python modules available on Cannon:
module spider python

# Get detailed information on specific module, e.g.:
module spider python/3.10.13-fasrc01

# Load the latest (usually also the default) Python module:
module load python
```

## **CLI Training:**

<https://docs.rc.fas.harvard.edu/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/Getting-started-on-FASRC-clusters-with-CLI.pptx.pdf> 4

# Training Material

<https://docs.rc.fas.harvard.edu/kb/training-materials/>

```
# Check current location & change if desired for this training: pwd
cd <desired-location>

# Clone FASRC User Codes repository:
https://github.com/fasrc/User\_Codes/tree/master
SSH - git clone git@github.com:fasrc/User\_Codes.git
HTTPS - git clone https://github.com/fasrc/User\_Codes.git

# Create a training folder & go to that folder:
mkdir python-training
cd python-training

# Copy Python folders from the User Codes directory:
cp -r ../User_Codes/Languages/Python .
cp -r ../User_Codes/Parallel_Computing/Python/Python-Multiprocessing-Tutorial .
```

# Python using CLI - Interactive

- Check Python version: `python --version`
- Invoke Python interpreter: `python`
- Execute Python programming interactively:

```
def square(x):  
    """square a number"""  
    return x ** 2  
  
for N in range(1, 4):  
    print(N, "squared is", square(N))
```

- Exit Python: `exit()`
- Or run a python script interactively: `python myscript.py`

# Python using CLI - sbatch; Example 1

[https://github.com/fasrc/User\\_Codes/tree/master/Languages/Python/Example1](https://github.com/fasrc/User_Codes/tree/master/Languages/Python/Example1)

```
# Go to Example1 folder
cd Python/Example1
# Submit job
sbatch run.sbatch
```

**run.sbatch:** Batch-job submission script  
for queuing the job

**mc\_pi.py:** Source code for calculating  
Pi using Monte-Carlo method

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -J mc_pi                # job name
#SBATCH -o mc_pi.out           # standard output file
#SBATCH -e mc_pi.err           # standard error file
#SBATCH --nodes=1              # number of nodes
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1      # number of cores
#SBATCH --partition=serial_requeue # partition
#SBATCH --time=0-00:30         # time in D-HH:MM
#SBATCH --mem=4000             # memory in MB

# Load required modules
module load python

# Run program
python mc_pi.py
```

# Python Package Installation - Interactive

- Go to a compute node on the test partition:

```
salloc -p test --nodes=1 --cpus-per-task=2 --mem=12GB --time=01:00:00
```

- Create a vanilla mamba/conda environment (for multiprocessing exercise):

```
module load python  
mamba create --prefix=/n/holylabs/LABS/<desired-folder>/multiproc_env  
python=3.11 -y
```

- Alternatively, if default *\$HOME* is desired, then do following instead:

```
module load python  
conda create --name multiproc_env python=3.11 -y
```

- See [Python Package Installation](#)



# Python Package Installation

- Activate conda/mamba environment:

```
mamba activate /n/holylabs/LABS/<desired-folder>/multiproc_env
```

- Or if \$HOME used, then: 

```
mamba activate multiproc_env
```

- Install relevant python packages (Mamba recommended):

```
mamba install numpy pandas matplotlib -y  
pip install jupyterlab swifter
```

- Always pip install inside a conda environment to avoid package conflicts
- [https://docs.rc.fas.harvard.edu/kb/python-package-installation/#Pip\\_Installs](https://docs.rc.fas.harvard.edu/kb/python-package-installation/#Pip_Installs)
- Deactivate the environment: 

```
mamba deactivate
```

# Python Package Installation - sbatch

[https://github.com/fasrc/User\\_Codes/tree/master/Languages/Python/Example2](https://github.com/fasrc/User_Codes/tree/master/Languages/Python/Example2)

```
# Go to Example2 folder
cd ../Python/Example2
# Submit job
sbatch run.sbatch
```

**numpy\_pandas\_ex.py**: source code for generating a dataframe utilizing a mamba environment

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -J np_pandas           # job name
#SBATCH -o np_pandas.out      # standard output file
#SBATCH -e np_pandas.err      # standard error file
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=1     # number of cores
#SBATCH --partition=test      # partition
#SBATCH --time=0-01:00        # time in D-HH:MM
#SBATCH --mem=10G             # memory in GB

# Load required modules
module load python

# Build the environment
sh build_env.sh

# Activate the environment
mamba activate my_env

# Run program
python numpy_pandas_ex.py
```

# Python Using Open OnDemand (OOD)

- Open-source web portal to access clusters
- Web-based, no software needs be installed on your local laptop/desktop (except for a modern browser like Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox)
- Easy to learn and simple to use
- Very similar to desktop applications
- The easiest way to run GUI applications remotely on a cluster
- Safari is not recommended for OOD
- OOD Training:  
<https://docs.rc.fas.harvard.edu/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/Getting-started-on-FASRC-clusters-with-OOD-May2024.pdf>

# How to access OOD on FASRC Clusters

- Accessing OOD from Cannon
  - Connect to FASRC VPN - [Virtual Desktop \(VDI\) through Open OnDemand – FASRC DOCS](#)
  - Then go to <https://rcood.rc.fas.harvard.edu>
- Accessing OOD from FASSE
  - Connect to FASSE VPN - [FASSE VDI Apps – FASRC DOCS](#)
  - Then go to <https://fasseood.rc.fas.harvard.edu>

# FASSE proxy

Documentation: [FASSE Proxy Settings – FASRC DOCS](#)

- You may need to set FASSE proxy on
  - Firefox (web browsing)
  - Jupyter Notebook
  - Access Github
  - (Basically, anything outside of FASSE)

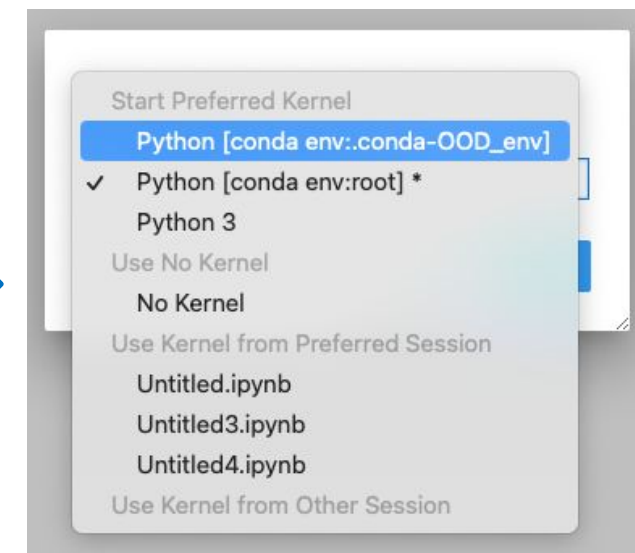
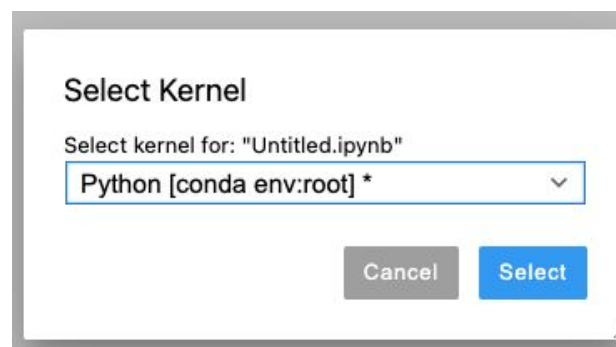
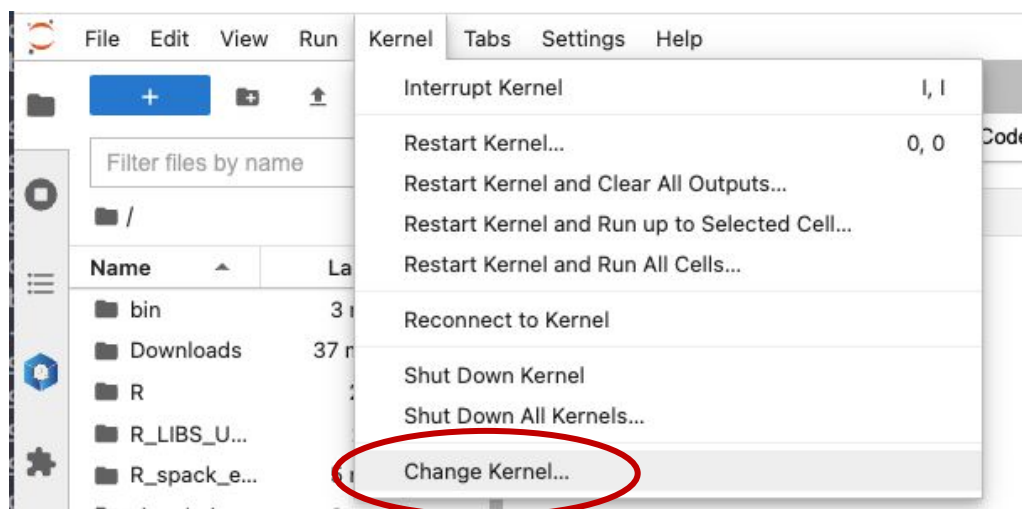
# Filling a form to launch an app

- Request the resources that you need  
(If you don't know for a first trial run, use similar resources as your laptop/desktop)
  - Partition (Name): depends on [Cannon](#) (URL) vs [FASSE](#) (URL)
  - Memory (RAM): amount of memory in GB
  - Number of cores: recommended at least 2
  - Number of GPUs: if  $\geq 1$ , make sure you **select** a gpu partition
  - Allocated time: time you would like your session to run
- Email for status notification: to know when job starts, ends
- Reservation: if you have a special reservation (this requires approval from FASRC)
- Account: use this if you have more than one PI\_lab affiliation

the minimum and/or maximum values of each field depends on the selected partition

# Jupyter Notebook

- Launch **new** Jupyter Notebook session (existing session will not work!)
- Select newly created conda environment as the kernel
  - a. Open a notebook
  - b. On the top menu, click Kernel -> Select Kernel -> Click on OOD\_env
  - c. Note: kernels is the same as conda, python, mamba environment



# Closing running OOD windows/tabs

- In most OOD apps, you can close the browser tab while the code is running, and the code will continue to run on the background
- Jupyter Notebook will not! The cell that is running will lose the data and output files will not be written
  - Solution: run Remote Desktop app and launch Jupyter Notebook from within Remote Desktop
  - Documentation: [Open OnDemand \(OOD/VDI\) Remote Desktop: How to open software – FASRC DOCS](#)



# FASRC documentation

- FASRC docs: <https://docs.rc.fas.harvard.edu/>
- FASRC Python docs:
  - <https://docs.rc.fas.harvard.edu/kb/python/>
  - <https://docs.rc.fas.harvard.edu/kb/python-package-installation/>
- GitHub User\_codes: [https://github.com/fasrc/User\\_Codes/](https://github.com/fasrc/User_Codes/)
- Getting help
  - Office hours: <https://www.rc.fas.harvard.edu/training/office-hours/>
  - Ticket
    - Portal: [http://portal.rc.fas.harvard.edu/rcrt/submit\\_ticket](http://portal.rc.fas.harvard.edu/rcrt/submit_ticket) (requires login)
    - Email: [rchelp@rc.fas.harvard.edu](mailto:rchelp@rc.fas.harvard.edu)

# FASRC Upcoming Trainings

Training calendar: <https://www.rc.fas.harvard.edu/upcoming-training/>

## Python Multiprocessing on the FASRC cluster

Training is focused on some of the techniques to accelerate Python programming with emphasis on utilizing multiprocessing with numpy arrays.

**Audience:** Users who are familiar with basic Python, command line, HPC systems, and have attended our Python Basics on FASRC clusters training.

**Note:** All topics below are a brief overview to utilizing multiprocessing on FASRC clusters.

### Objectives:

1. Understanding Multiprocessing
2. Executing Multiprocessing on FASRC clusters

# Survey

Please, fill out our course survey. Your feedback is essential for us to improve our trainings!!

<http://tinyurl.com/FASRCsurvey>



**Thank you :)**  
**FAS Research Computing**